THE REGULATION OF SOLICITATION, THE HOMELESS, AND CHARITABLE DONATION BINS IN THE SHADOW OF REED V. TOWN OF GILBERT

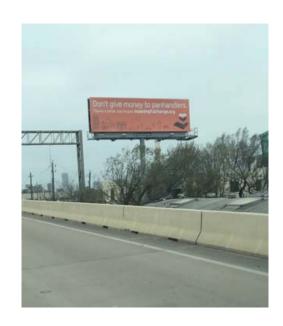


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"Competing 1st Amendment Interests"



CN1 CN2



The path to Reed.

Panhandling Regulations

- Recognized as protected speech since the late 1980s
 - United States v. Kokinda, 497 U.S. 720, 725 (1990)
 - Vill. of Schaumburg v. Citizens for a Better Env't., 444 U.S. 620, 629 (1980)
- Division among the circuits emerged over content-neutrality
 - CONTENT BASED / STRICT SCRUTINY
 - 2nd Circuit (1993) NY Penal Code criminalized panhandling (e.g., San Antonio)
 - 9th Circuit (2006) invalidated Las Vegas Ordinance as being content-based
 - 4th Circuit (2013) distinguished between different types of solicitations
 - 6th Circuit (2013) prohibition on category of speech protected by 1st Amendment
 - NOT CONTENT BASED / INTERMEDIATE SCRUTINY
 - 7th Circuit (Norton 2014) Location-specific ordinances content neutral
 - 1st Circuit (Thayer 2014) Ordinances were content-neutral
 - · District of Colombia prohibiting solicitation near park monuments

Then Reed in June 2015, followed by Thayer a few weeks later.

- While the Reed decision on sign regulation came out of nowhere, the Thayer case had been cooking for some time as the issue made its way through the various circuit courts.
- Reed reset the standard on 1st Amendment jurisprudence; Thayer followed.

It all began in the "desert."

Town of Gilbert, Arizona

- Population as of June 2015: 233,028
- Doubled every five years from 1980-2000
- Median Population Age: 31.9
 - 77% of population under age 50
 - 33% of population under age 19
- Highest median incomes in the state of Arizona: \$80,080

The Good News Community Church (Pastor Reed)

- Small and cash-strapped (lawsuit)
- Did not own a facility
- "Mobile" services
- Used temporary signs to advertise services
- All they wanted to do was advertise their church services.





Everything was fine until...

- Gilbert adopted a comprehensive sign code in 2005
 - Appendix "A": Sign Code as of 11-30-14

Purpose:

- Promote optimum conditions for serving sign owners' needs
- Respecting [sign owners] rights to identification while balancing the community's aesthetic interests

Necessary and in the public interest because:

- A. To promote and aid the public and private sectors in the identification, location, and advertisement of goods and services.
- To enhance the beauty, unique character, and quality of the Town of Gilbert, which will attract commerce, businesses, residents and visitors.
- C. To promote economic development and the value of commercial properties, be sensitive to surrounding land uses and maintain an attractive community appearance.
- D. To promote general safety by ensuring properly designed and located signs.
- E. To encourage signs that are clear and legible to the user.
- F. To emphasize small town historical character by promoting pedestrian oriented and appropriately scaled signage in the Heritage Village Center zoning district.

Categorical Content Regulations

Ideological Signs:

 any sign communicating a message or ideas for non-commercial purposes that is not a Construction Sign, Directional Sign, Temporary Directional Sign Relating to a Qualifying Event, Political Sign, Garage Sale Sign, or a sign owned or required by a governmental agency

Political Signs:

- any temporary designed to influence the outcome of an election called by a public body.
- Temporary Directional Signs relating to Qualifying Event:
 - any "temporary sign" intended to direct pedestrians, motorists, and other passersby to a "qualifying event."





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