



Equal Employment Opportunity Commission

- FY 2016 Disability Discrimination Charges: highest number ever filed with EEOC
- Impairments in disability charges
- May 2016: EEOC issues guidance on employer – provided leaves of absence for disabling conditions
- December 2016: EEOC issues legal rights factsheet for applicants and employees with mental health conditions



Gender Dysphoria an ADA Disability

- ADA: no coverage for homosexuality, bisexuality and "gender identity disorder" 42 USC § 12211(b)
- Court addressed motion to dismiss claiming that "gender dysphoria" was excluded from ADA coverage
- Court held "Gender dsyphoria" was disabling
 - -Went "beyond merely identifying with a different gender"
 - Characterized by "clinically significant stress and other impairments"
 - Substantially limited "interacting with others, reproducing, and social and occupational interaction"

Blatt v. Cabela's Retail, Inc. (E.D. Pa. May 18, 2017)

Obesity – Without More – Not A Disability

- *Morriss*: Employer did not violate ADA when it rescinded job offer based on safety-sensitive position rule prohibiting hire of applicants with 40% or higher body mass index
 - "for obesity, even morbid obesity, to be considered a physical impairment, it must result from an underlying physiological disorder or condition."
- *Parker*: Requiring sleep apnea exam on drivers with a body mass index of 35% or higher did not violate ADA
 - Connection of weight and sleep apnea with safety-sensitive driving position demonstrated exam was job-related and consistent with business necessity

Morriss v. BNSF Railway Co. (8th Cir. Apr. 5, 2016) Parker v. Crete Carrier Corp. (8th Cir. Apr. 3, 2017) Also available as part of the eCourse 2017 Labor and Employment Law eConference

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