

## **DISCLAIMER**

This presentation should not be considered or construed as legal advice on any individual matter or circumstance. The contents of this document are intended for general information purposes only and may not be quoted or referred to in any other presentation, publication or proceeding without the prior written consent of Jones Day, which may be given or withheld at Jones Day's discretion. The distribution of this presentation or its content is not intended to create, and receipt of it does not constitute, an attorney-client relationship. The views set forth herein are the personal views of the authors and do not necessarily reflect those of Jones Day.

### WHAT WE'LL COVER TODAY

# What Is Blockchain Technology?

- Centralized and distributed systems
- What is a blockchain?
- Digital signatures
- Hash values
- Consensus

# **Smart Code and Smart Contracts**

- Using smart code to make smart contracts
- Replacing traditional contracts
- Performance, risks and other issues

## **Sample Applications**

- Real estate
- · Securities trading
- Supply chain
- IP
- Energy

## Advantages and Disadvantages

When is it useful to consider employing blockchain and smart-contract technology?

3



# What is blockchain technology?

#### **CENTRALIZED SYSTEMS**



- A central intermediary (e.g., a bank) transfers actual value between two parties and is normally the final authority
- All parties involved in a transaction may keep and use their own copies of ledger, but the local copy isn't authoritative
- There is a single point of failure:
  - if a centralized ledger is lost through IT failure, physical disaster, malware attack, etc., information is lost due to the single point of failure

5



#### **CENTRALIZED SYSTEMS**



- Typical examples of centralized databases are relational databases we are all familiar with
- Centralized databases may themselves be distributed for redundancy and efficiency purposes without changing their centralized character
  - The point of difference is whether there is a centralized network participant with unique validation or authentication responsibilities different from ordinary participants







Find the full text of this and thousands of other resources from leading experts in dozens of legal practice areas in the <u>UT Law CLE eLibrary (utcle.org/elibrary)</u>

Title search: Blockchain and Smart Contracts

Also available as part of the eCourse 2018 Advanced Patent Law (Austin) eConference

First appeared as part of the conference materials for the  $23^{\rm rd}$  Annual Advanced Patent Law Institute session "Blockchain and Smart Contracts"