A View of the Sector One Year Later: Revisiting Tax Reform and Other Legislative Developments for Tax-Exempt Organizations

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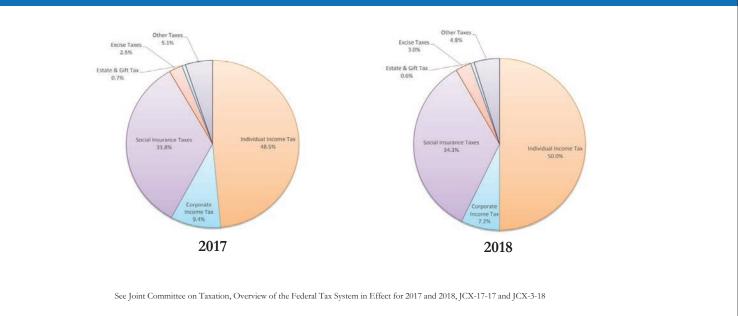
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Legislative Update



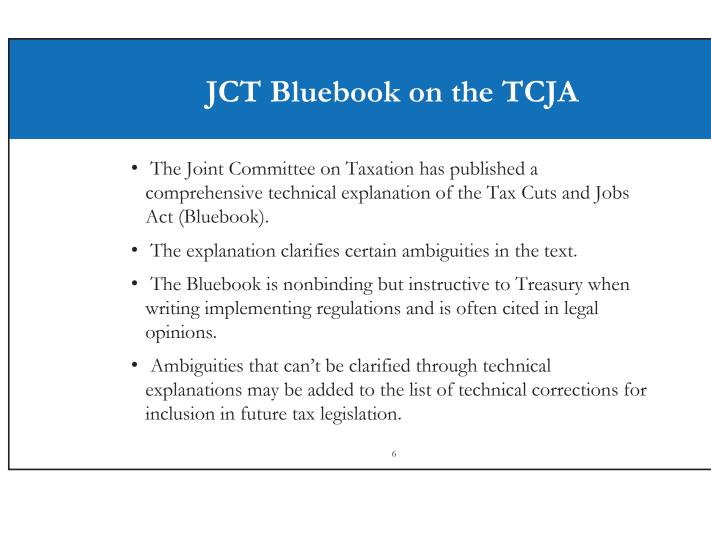


Effect on nonprofits

- Major loss to charitable sector
 - o Charities estimated to lose \$17.2 billion in donations in 2018 alone per American Enterprise Institute estimate
 - o 21 million taxpayers will lose ability to claim a deduction
 - o Charitable deduction now limited to top 9% of taxpayers
 - Most of loss attributable to combined effect of doubled standard deduction, \$10,000 state and local tax (SALT) cap, reduced mortgage interest deduction

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- o Some of loss also due to increased estate tax exemption
- Longevity of charitable deduction in doubt as an incentive for high-income donors only



JCT Bluebook on the TCJA

- Section 4960 Excess executive compensation
 - An applicable organization is intended to include state colleges and universities. A technical correction may be necessary.
 - Related organization rules are intended to apply to excess parachute payments and to determining covered employees. A technical correction may be necessary.
 - Remuneration paid to a licensed medical professional for medical services is not taken into account in determining covered employees.
 - "Medical services" are intended to include "direct medical services" but not teaching, research, or management or administrative activity of medical professionals
 - The liability for the excise tax on excess parachute payments is intended to be treated the same as the liability for the excise tax on remuneration. A technical correction may be necessary.

JCT Bluebook on the TCJA

- Section 4968 Excise tax on net investment income of private universities
 - Notes that if the assets of a related organization are earmarked or restricted for the educational institution, then they would be treated as assets of the educational institution.
 - If the assets of the related organization are held for unrelated purposes then the assets are disregarded.
 - Unless the assets are held by a controlled organization or supporting organization of the educational institution, in which case they are treated as assets of the educational institution
 - States that it is intended for the Secretary to issue regulations that describe:
 (1) assets that are used directly in carrying out the educational institution's exempt purpose;
 (2) the computation of net investment income; and
 (3) assets that are intended or available for the use or benefit of the educational institution.



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