THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SCHOOL OF LAW THE OIL, GAS AND ENERGY RESOURCES LAW SECTION OF THE STATE BAR OF TEXAS

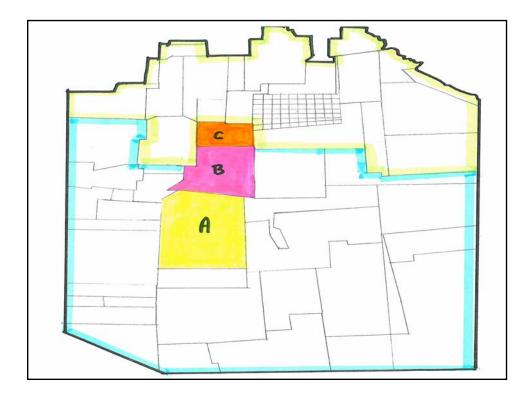
42nd ANNUAL ERNEST E. SMITH OIL, GAS AND MINERAL LAW INSTITUTE FUNDAMENTALS OF OIL, GAS AND MINERAL LAW Thursday, April 14, 2016 Houston, Texas

DI VI SI ON ORDERS

The Uses and Abuses of the Division Order. Neither a contract nor a conveyance, a shield but not a sword.

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Owner	Interes		Decimal
John and Mary Wilson	½ of 1/5 th	RI	10.00%
George Garcia	$\frac{1}{2}$ of $1/3^{rd}$ of $1/4^{th}$	RI	4.1666%
Louis Garcia	$\frac{1}{2}$ of $1/3^{rd}$ of $1/4^{th}$	RI	4.1666%
Omar Garcia	$\frac{1}{2}$ of $1/3^{rd}$ of $1/4^{th}$	RI	4.1667%
Larry Landman	½ of 1%	OR	0.50%
ROC	2%	OR	2.00%
BOC	3/4ths	WI	75.00%



Chicago Corp. v. Wall, 293 S.W.2d 844, 844 -847 (Tex.1956)

The Texas Supreme Court held that after the Walls executed the transfer orders they were no longer entitled to money they had directed Chicago Corporation to pay to others, and the Walls could not recover from Chicago Corporation. To hold otherwise would be to cause Chicago Corporation to suffer an injury as the result of a double payment. Based upon detrimental reliance on the representations contained in the Division Orders issued by Chicago Corporation and agreed to by the Walls, the Texas Supreme Court denied recovery.

Exxon Corp. v. Middleton, 613 S.W.2d 240, 249 -251 (Tex.1981)

... Division orders are binding only for the time and to the extent that they have been or are being acted upon. The division orders in *Middleton* were revoked upon service of citation on Exxon and Sun. Thus, division orders are described as binding until revoked. They are an executory accord.

Gavenda v. Strata Energy, Inc., 705 S.W.2d 690, 690 -693

(Tex.1986)

- ...In Texas, division and transfer orders do not convey royalty interests; they do not rewrite or supplant leases or deeds...
 - The general rule in Texas is that division and transfer orders bind underpaid royalty owners until revoked...One principle underlining this rule is detrimental reliance.
 - Generally, the underpaid royalty owners, however, have a remedy: they can recover from the overpaid royalty owners...The basis for recovery is unjust enrichment; the overpaid royalty owner is not entitled to the royalties.

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Also available as part of the eCourse <u>The Division Order—Uses and Abuses—A Shield Not a Sword</u>

First appeared as part of the conference materials for the 2016 Fundamentals of Oil, Gas and Mineral Law session "The Division Order—Uses and Abuses—A Shield Not a Sword"