¿Habla Cubano?



By Vanna Slaughter George Rodriguez



- k The Cuban Adjustment Act (Public Law 89-732 (CAA) became law on November 2, 1966
 - *κ* Commonly called "The Cuban Adjustment Act" or *La Ley de Un Año Y Un Dia.*

 - σ The CAA was authored by Sen. Ted Kennedy and signed into law by LBJ in conjunction with the economic & trade embargo.

"La Ley de Un Año Y Un Dia" – El ajuste Cubano

BODEGUITA DE VINOS CUBANOS

- VINO DEL MARIEL - VINO SECO DE CUBA - VINO EN BALSA - VINO ROJO DE REMAR - VINO DE VISITA - VINO Y SE QUEDO - VINO PARA COMER - VINO SOLO PARA JODER NO IMPORTA COMO VINO :BIENVENIDO!
- ℵ The CAA states, "notwithstanding the provisions of section 245(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the status of any alien who is a native or citizen of Cuba"
- and who has been inspected and admitted or paroled into the United States subsequent to January 1, 1959, and
- k has been physically present in the United States for at least one year, may be adjusted by the [Secretary of Homeland Security or the] Attorney General, in his discretion..."

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3 Key Requirements for CAA

CAA Requirement 1 of 3:

1. Must be a native <u>or</u> citizen of Cuba.

Cuban Citizen:

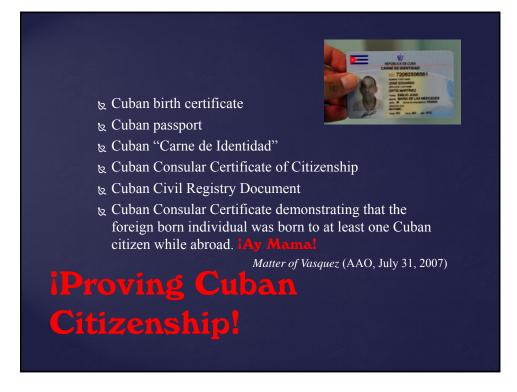
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Native of Cuba:

- ℵ Born in Cuba, but later became a citizen of another country.
- Born on the US Naval Base in Guantanamo Bay regardless of recognition by Cuban government as a Cuban citizen and regardless of parents' citizenship (1990 Haitians).





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