## PRESENTED AT ESSENTIAL EMPLOYMENT LAW

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## CHART OF FEDERAL EMPLOYMENT LAWS

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|   | FEDERAL EMPLOYMENT LAWS AND REGULATIONS                  |   |  |   |  |  |  |
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|   | FEDERAL LAW  | ENFORCEMENT<br>AGENCY                                       | COVERED EMPLOYERS  | SUMMARY OF LAW  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Age<br>Discrimination in<br>Employment Act<br>(ADEA)     | Equal Employment<br>Opportunity<br>Commission<br>(EEOC)     | 20 or more employees   | Prohibits discrimination in all terms,<br>conditions, and privileges of<br>employment based on age. Applies to<br>individuals age 40 and older.   |  |  |  |
| 2 | Americans with<br>Disabilities Act of<br>1990 (ADA)      | EEOC  | 15 or more employees   | Prohibits discrimination in all terms,<br>conditions, and privileges of<br>employment based on an individual's<br>physical or mental disability.  |  |  |  |
| 3 | ADA<br>Amendments Act<br>of 2008 (ADAAA)                 | EEOC  | 15 or more employees   | Liberalizes the interpretation of the<br>ADA and instructs employers to adopt<br>a broad standard when determining<br>whether an individual is disabled.  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Civil Rights Act of<br>1991                              | EEOC  | 15 or more employees   | Amends Title VII and the ADA to give<br>parties complaining of intentional<br>discrimination the right to a jury trial.<br>Also authorizes the award of <u>punitive</u><br>and <u>compensatory</u> damages.   |  |  |  |
| 5 | Consolidated<br>Omnibus<br>Reconciliation Act<br>(COBRA) | Internal Revenue<br>Service                                 | 20 or more employees   | Employers must extend the option of<br>continued health insurance to<br>employee, spouse and dependents who<br>otherwise would lose such coverage<br>because of the employee's termination<br>or some other qualifying event.   |  |  |  |
| 6 | Consumer Credit<br>Protection Act,<br>Title III          | Department of<br>Labor (DOL)<br>(Wage and Hour<br>Division) | All employers (regardless of size)   | Protects employees from being<br>discharged by their employers because<br>their wages have been garnished for<br>any one debt and limits the amount of<br>employees' earnings which may be<br>garnished in any one week. Restricts<br>garnishment withholding to 25% of<br>disposable income. Limits employer<br>actions with respect to discharge. |  |  |  |
| 7 | Davis Bacon Act  | DOL (Wage and<br>Hour Division)                             | Employers with contracts in<br>federally financed<br>construction more than<br>\$2,000 | Employer must pay specified minimum hourly rates.   |  |  |  |
| 8 | Driver's Privacy<br>Protection Act of<br>1994            | Department of<br>Justice (DOJ)                              | All employers  | Regulates third-party access to individual driving record information.  |  |  |  |

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| 9  | Employee<br>Polygraph<br>Protection Act of<br>1988 (EPPA)           | DOL (Wage and<br>Hour Division)   | All employers except those in security of pharmaceutical industries                 | Prohibits employers from using lie<br>detector tests either for<br>preemployment screening or during<br>employment. Testing is permitted only<br>in extremely limited circumstances.  |  |  |  |
| 10 | Employee<br>Retirement<br>Income Security<br>Act of 1974<br>(ERISA) | DOL (Office of<br>Labor-<br>Management &<br>Welfare Pension<br>Reports) | All employers   | Requires extensive pension and<br>welfare plan information, plus<br>disclosure of information to plan<br>participants. Gives protection and<br>guarantees to employees covered by<br>private pension and welfare plans. Sets<br>standards for employee participation,<br>funding methods and establishes<br>fiduciary responsibilities. |  |  |  |
| 11 | Equal Pay Act of<br>1963  | EEOC  | All employers subject to the FLSA   | Prohibits pay differentials based on<br>sex. This means that employers must<br>pay equal wages for work that requires<br>equal skill, effort, and responsibility<br>and is performed under similar<br>working conditions.   |  |  |  |
| 12 | Executive Order<br>11246  | DOL (Office of<br>Federal Contract<br>Compliance<br>Programs)           | Employers with governments<br>contracts more than \$50,000<br>and over 50 employees | Prohibits discrimination in all terms,<br>conditions, and privileges of<br>employment against applicants and<br>employees. Requires affirmative<br>action to ensure equal employment<br>opportunities without regard to race,<br>sex, color, religion, or national origin.  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Fair Credit<br>Reporting Act  | Federal Trade<br>Commission   | All employers   | Employer must comply with all the<br>notice, disclosure, and consent<br>requirements to obtain and use<br>investigative consumer credit reports<br>in making an employment decision.  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Fair Labor<br>Standards Act<br>(FLSA)                               | DOL (Wage and<br>Hour Division)   | All employers   | Employer must pay prevailing minimum wage and overtime  |  |  |  |

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## Title search: Chart of Federal Employment Laws

Also available as part of the eCourse <u>Texas is an "At Will" State...So Why Worry?: 2020 Updates</u>

First appeared as part of the conference materials for the 2020 Essential Employment Law: A Practical Course in the Basics session "Texas is an "At Will" State... So Why Worry?"