False Claims Act Developments

University of Texas School of Law Continuing Legal Education

9th Annual Government Enforcement Institute

September 28, 2023

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False Claims Act: 2022 Statistics

- 948 new False Claims Act (FCA) cases were filed last year
 - -652 (69%) were qui tam lawsuits filed by relators
- Settlements and judgments
 - -Exceeded \$2.2 B for fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 2022
 - -\$1.7 B (77%) involved the healthcare and life sciences industry
 - Including drug and medical device manufacturers, home health, managed care providers, hospitals, pharmacies, and physicians
 - -\$1.9 B (86%) arose from lawsuits filed by relators (whistleblowers)
 - Under the qui tam provisions and pursued by either the government or relators

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False Claims Act: The Basics

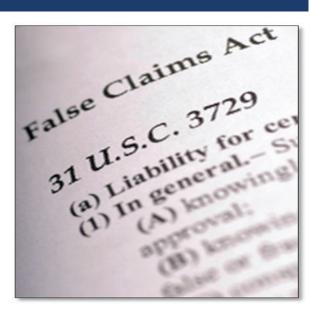
- Government's primary fraud enforcement tool imposes liability against persons who:
 - -Submit false or fraudulent claims to the government
 - -Cause false or fraudulent claims to be submitted
 - Avoiding paying the government or retaining an overpayment by the government ("reverse false claim")
 - Conspire to submit false or fraudulent claims

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False Claims Act: The Basics

- FCA litigation can be commenced by relators
 - On behalf of the government
 - Receive a portion of recovery
- Penalties for violation of the FCA
 - -\$13,508 to \$27,018 per fraudulent claim
 - Plus, treble damages caused to the government by each fraudulent claim



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False Claims Act: State Equivalent FCAs

At least 30 states have enacted their own versions of the FCA

California

- Mirrors the federal FCA

District of Columbia

 Provides an opportunity for a relator to file a suit regarding virtually any kind of false claim made against the District of Columbia

Maryland

Limited to medical health plans

New York

 Very broad; includes claims for fraud involving any type of government contract or business relationship involving state or local money, as well as the failure to pay state taxes

Texas

- Relates only to Medicaid claims

Virginia

 Creates liability for any false claim if the Commonwealth has provided any portion of money

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False Claims Act: Scienter

- Negligence is not enough
- "Knowing" or "knowingly"
 - Actual knowledge
 - Deliberate ignorance
 - Reckless disregard
 - No specific intent to defraud required





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First appeared as part of the conference materials for the 9^{th} Annual Government Enforcement Institute session "False Claims Act Developments"