PRESENTED AT

48TH ANNUAL ERNEST E. SMITH FUNDAMENTALS OF OIL, GAS AND MINERAL LAW

April 21, 2022 Houston, Texas

It Ain't Over Till It's Over: A Survey of Oil and Gas Lease Savings Clauses

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I. INTRODUCTION

"It ain't over till it's over."

- Lawrence Peter "Yogi" Bera

That famous quote was bestowed on us all by noted American philosopher, poet, and MLB player and manager Yogi Bera when the team he was managing at the time, the New York Mets, was a long way back in the National League pennant race. Yogi wasn't ready to give up. What Yogi knew was the same thing many oil and gas lessees hope they know – that you always have a fighting chance, even if you must resort to Plans B, C, and D. Bera's Mets stormed up the standings and won the pennant in 1973. This article will examine a number of lease provisions called "savings clauses," under which lessees often find at least an argument to postpone termination of their leases until they can accomplish actual production. In some cases, a lease may be postponed much longer than the lessor anticipates or argues. This article is focused predominantly on Texas law.

II. THE NATURE OF AN OIL AND GAS LEASE

Under Texas law, an oil and gas lease grants a fee simple determinable estate, also called the leasehold estate, to the lessee. *Anadarko Petro. Corp. v. Thompson*, 94 S.W.3d 550, 554 (Tex. 2002). Thus, the lessee's leasehold estate may continue indefinitely as long as the lessee uses the leased premises for the purpose identified in the lease. *See Texas Co. v. Davis*, 113 Tex. 321, 254 S.W. 304, 309 (1923). However, the leasehold estate will automatically terminate if the event by which it is limited occurs. *Gulf Oil Corp. v. Reid*, 161 Tex. 51, 337 S.W.2d 267, 269 (1960). Stated conversely, the leasehold estate will automatically terminate if the event if the event required to perpetuate the lease, i.e. production, does not occur timely.

A lease's habendum clause defines the duration of the leasehold estate. *Gulf Oil Corp. v. Southland Royalty Co.*, 496 S.W.2d 547, 552 (Tex. 1973). A typical habendum clause states that the lease lasts for a relatively short fixed term of years (the primary term) and then "as long thereafter as oil, gas or other mineral is produced" (the secondary term). See, e.g., Reid, 337 S.W.2d at 269 n. 1; see also 1 SMITH & WEAVER, TEXAS LAW OF OIL & GAS § 4.3 (1996). In Texas, such a habendum clause requires actual production in paying quantities to perpetuate the lease past the expiration of the primary term. *Reid,* 337 S.W.2d at 269–70; *Garcia v. King,* 139 Tex. 578, 164 S.W.2d 509, 512 (1942). Thus, a typical Texas lease that lasts "as long as oil or gas is produced" automatically terminates if actual production permanently ceases during the secondary term. *See Amoco Prod. Co. v. Braslau,* 561 S.W.2d 805, 808 (Tex. 1978).

However, automatic termination under the habendum clause can be avoided or delayed by other lease provisions that extend the lease without production. *Southland Royalty*, 496 S.W.2d at 552. Those other provisions are commonly referred to as "savings provisions" or "savings clauses." The purpose of this article is to identify the most common savings clauses, provide a general discussion of each type, and provide sample clauses of each type. In many cases, savings clauses in a lease can seem inconsistent, internally and/or in connection with other lease provisions, and it can often be difficult to harmonize and give effect to a lease's granting clause, habendum clause, savings clause, and other clauses – not to mention how those clauses may intersect with any implied duties in an oil and gas lease context. Ultimately, when a lease terminates "is always a question of resolving the intention of the parties from the entire instrument." *Southland Royalty*, 496 S.W.2d at 552.

III. SAVINGS CLAUSES

A. General Discussion

A savings clause is any express lease provision that can be used to maintain the lease past its primary term in the absence of actual production on the leased premises. *See ConocoPhillips Co. v. Koopman*, 542 S.W.3d 643, 654 (Tex. App.—Corpus Christi 2016), *aff'd* 547 S.W.3d 858 (Tex. 2018) ("A savings clause is structured to maintain a lease in lieu of actual production in a variety of scenarios."). Where a dispute arises regarding the continuing validity of a lease, the plaintiff generally bears the burden of proof that the lease has not been maintained by production, and also that the various savings clauses in the lease did not maintain the lease. *See Hydrocarbon Mgmt., Inc. v. Tracker Exploration, Inc.*, 861 S.W.2d 427, 431 (Tex. App.—Amarillo 1993, no writ).

While the words actually used by the parties in the lease are the most important factor, courts will often construe agreements, including leases, "from a utilitarian standpoint bearing in mind the particular business activity sought to be served" and we avoid when possible a construction that is unreasonable, inequitable, and oppressive." *EOG Res., Inc. v. Killam Oil Co., Ltd.*, 239 S.W.3d 293, 298 (Tex. App.—San Antonio 2007, pet. denied). Nevertheless, unambiguous language will be applied as chosen by the parties. *Id*.

As with most lease provisions, there is no standard list of savings provisions, and the parties are free to agree on any savings clauses they are capable of drafting. Savings clauses have always been important, and the COVID-19 pandemic has certainly brought an even greater emphasis on ways to maintain a lease in hard and uncertain times, with judicial interpretation and application in the context of the pandemic already starting to develop. *See e.g. In re EP Energy E&P Co., L.P.*, No.

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First appeared as part of the conference materials for the 2022 Fundamentals of Oil, Gas and Mineral Law session "It Ain't Over Till It's Over: A Survey of Oil and Gas Lease Savings Clauses"