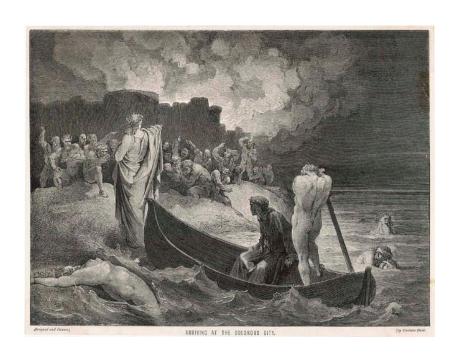
A DIVINE COMEDY REDUX: DISCOVERY AND USE OF HEALTHCARE INFORMATION (RECORDS, BILLS, AND BEYOND)

PAUL N. GOLD DONNA M. AVERSANO KELLY K. CORBIN



THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SCHOOL OF LAW CAR CRASH SEMINAR AVERSANO & GOLD

1123 Harvard St., Houston, Texas 77008 www.CuttingEdgeJustice.com

© All Rights Reserved

A DIVINE COMEDY REDUX:

DISCOVERY AND USE OF HEALTHCARE INFORMATION (RECORDS, BILLS, AND BEYOND)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

OVERVIEW

- A. WHAT IS A MEDICAL RECORD
 - 1. *In re LCS SP, LLC*, 640 S.W.3d 848 (Tex. 2022)
 - 2. *In re Jarvis*, 431 S.W.3d 129 (Tex. App.–Houston [14th Dist. 2013, orig. proceeding)
- B. SCOPE: RELEVANCE
 - **1.** *In re Kuraray America, Inc.*, 656 S.W.3d 137 (Tex. 2022)
 - **2.** Ford Motor Co. v. Castillo, 279 S.W.3d 656 (Tex. 2009)
 - **3.** *In re Memorial Hermann Hospital System*, 464 S.W. 3d 686 (Tex. 2015)
- C. MEDICAL/MENTAL HEALTH RECORDS: SCOPE OF DISCOVERY
 - 1. PLEADINGS GENERALLY DEFINE SCOPE
 - a. In re Whipple, 373 S.W.3d 119 (Tex. App.–San Antonio 2012, no pet.)
 - **b.** *In re Drews,* No. 06-12-00084-CV, 2012 S.W.3d WL 4854716 (Tex. App. –Texarkana).
 - 2. LITIGATION EXCEPTION: INFERENTIAL REBUTTAL ISSUES
 - **a.** *R.K. v. Ramirez*, 887 S.W.2d 836 (Tex. 1994) (orig. proceeding)
 - b. *In re Union Pacific Railroad Company and Wanda Heckel,* 459 S.W.3d 127 (Tex. App.–El Paso, 2015, no pet.)
 - **c.** *In re Doe*, 22 S.W.3d 601 (Tex. App. –Austin 2000, original

proceeding)

- **d.** *In re Nance*, 143 S.W.3d 506 (Tex. App.–Austin 2004, original proceeding)
- e. *In re Pennington*, 2008 WL 2780660–Not Reported in S.W..3d --- (Tex. App.–Ft. Worth 2008, original proceeding
- **f.** *In re Kristensen*, No. 14-14-00448-CV S.W.3d, 2014 WL 3778903 (Tex. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] 2014)
- g. *In re Turney*, 525 S.W.3d 832 (Tex. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] 2017, orig. proceeding)
- h. *In Re Barnes*, 655 S.W.3d 658, (Tex. App.–Dallas 2022 orig. proceeding)
- i. FEDERAL COURT CASES
- 3. MEDICAL AUTHORIZATIONS
- a. *Mutter v. Wood*, 744 S.W.2d 600 (Tex. 1988)
- b. COMPELLING A SIGNED MEDICAL AUTHORIZATION
- c. 1999 DISCOVERY AMENDMENTS
- d. ELECTION: AUTHORIZATION OR RECORDS
- e. 2021 DISCOVERY AMENDMENTS
- In re Gillham, Not Reported in S.W.3d, 2014 WL 5474788 (Tex. App.– Dallas 2014)
 - 4. MOTIONS FOR PROTECTION (Gold Protocol)
- D. MEDICAL BILLS
 - 1. INTRODUCTION
 - **2.** *Haygood v. De Escabedo*, 356 S.W.3d 390 (Tex. 2011)
 - **3.** *In re Jarvis*, 431 S.W.3d 129 (Tex. App. –Houston [14th Dist.] 2013, orig. proceeding)

- **4.** *In re North Cypress Medical Center Operating Co., LTD.,* 559 S.W.3d 128 (Tex. 2018)
- 5. *In re Teran*, 2022 WL 849764 (Tex. App.—San Antonio 2022, orig. proceeding)
- **6.** *In re K & L Auto Crushers, LLC,* 637 S.W.3d 239 (Tex. 2021)

7. PROPORTIONALITY

- **a.** *In re Muller*, 612 S.W.3D 701 (Tex. App.–Am. 2020 orig. proceeding)
- b. *In re Central Oregon Truck, Co., Inc.,* 644 S.W.3d 668 (Tex. 2022)
- 8. DISCOVERY FROM NON-PARTIES: In re United Healthcare Insurance Co., 652 S.W.3d 458 (Tex. App.—San Antonio, 2022, orig. proceeding)
- 9. SANCTIONS

E. EVIDENCE AT TRIAL

- 1. *In re K & L Auto Crushers, LLC*, 637 S.W.3d 239 (Tex. 2021)
- **2.** *Primoris Energy Services Corporation v. Myers*, 569 S.W.3d 745 (Tex. App.–Houston [1st Dist.] 2018)
- **3.** Gonzales v. Lubbock County Hospital District, 2022 WL 17987068 (Tex. App.—Amarillo 2022, aff''d)
- 4. Are Medical Bills Admissible If There No Claim For Past Medical Bills?
 - a. GENERAL DISCUSSION
 - Press Energy Services, LLC v. Ruiz, 650 S.W.3d 23 (Tex. App.–El Paso 2021 orig. proceeding)

c. A Garden Angel Child Care Center, Inc. v. Rios, 657 S.W.3d 44 (Tex. App.–El Paso 2022, no writ)

F. ADVERSE MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS

- 1. *In re H.E.B. Grocery Co.*, 492 S.W.3d 300 (Tex. 2016) (per curiam)
- 2. *In re Offshore Marine Contractors, Inc.,* 496 S.W.3d 796 (Tex. App.–Houston [1st Dist.] 2016, orig. proceeding)
- 3. *In re Advanced Powder Solutions, Inc.,* 496 S.W.3d 838 (Tex. App. -Houston [1st Dist.] 2016), orig. proceeding)
- **4.** *In re Estabrook*, 2020 WL 6192923 (Tex. App.–Waco 2020, orig. proceeding)
- 5. *In Re Barnes*, 2022 WL 17175886, (Tex. App.–Dallas 2022 orig. proceeding)
- **6. Auburn Creek Limited Partnership**, 655 S.W.3d 837(Tex. 2022)

"Damages for wrongful personal injury include the reasonable expenses for necessary medical care, but it has become increasingly difficult to determine what expenses are reasonable."

Haygood v. De Escabedo

OVERVIEW

Writing about the changes in discovery and relevancy of healthcare information in Texas is like writing a traveler's guide for travel through hell. Discovery in this area is like an unending nightmare of darkened switchbacks that interminably descend into greater complexity and darkness without hope of salvation or transcendence. Ironically, compared to the rest of the procedural, discovery, and evidentiary issues in a medical malpractice case, the discovery and admissibility of medical records and bills historically have been rather mundane. Well, throw another log of complexity on the medical malpractice inferno. Simply put, discovery and admissibility of medical records and bills have become magnitudes more complicated and challenging than in the past. How did we get here? Unfortunately, I am not Virgil and I do not profess to have his insight and wisdom to be the most dependable pilot for such a mysterious and challenging journey. Nonetheless, having agreed to undertake the role, I will do my best.

Discovery of healthcare information and bills over the last few years has been the focus of considerable appellate attention. These recent developments have been particularly vexing to practitioners handling car wreck litigation. While not quite as impactful in medical malpractice litigation, these developments are noteworthy and will influence strategy and tactics. The purpose of this paper is to hopefully shed light on what has happened and how to deal with it.

What is particularly intriguing, and often confounding about the discovery (as well as the admissibility) of medical records and bills are the concepts of relevancy and proportionality. There is no question that medical records and bills specifically pertaining to the care at issue will be relevant in a medical malpractice claim. *The question is how much more healthcare information can we get and for what period of time?* More specifically, what volume of data for what time period and for what conditions will past medical records and bills be discoverable and usable at trial? Recent Texas Supreme Court opinions indicate that it may be more difficult in the future to obtain expansive past medical records pertaining to Plaintiffs and others whose medical condition is put in issue. However, discovery and admissibility of information relating to the reasonableness of medical bills have become much more expansive.

Relevancy not only is a critical consideration in discovery between the parties, it is also an important consideration when applied to discovery from non-parties. The scope of discovery is the same for non-parties as it is for parties, with the caveat that a non-party might be able to obtain reimbursement for unduly burdensome requests.

Healthcare providers have experienced additional intrusion and burden as a result of the recent developments in the scope of discovery pertaining particularly to medical bills. Healthcare providers now not only must deal with the burden of providing medical records and bills pertaining to their care of a Plaintiff, but in many cases, they must also respond to inquiries about billing agreements with the Plaintiff and third parties. These inquiries include what is charged to various patients depending on whether they are innetwork, out-of-network, insured or uninsured, or covered by Medicare or Medicaid. Physicians engaged in the practice of providing letters of protection are now exposed to an even more expansive scope of discovery, particularly if the protection extends only to reasonable and necessary charges. *See In re K & L Auto Crushers, LLC*, 627 S.W.3d 239 (Tex. 2021) discussed in detail below.

Attorneys tend to view developments in the law cynically. They often believe that the opposing side is the one that is not being forthcoming in discovery, so the law needs to address this abuse. However, rarely is abuse one-sided and what affects one side usually also affects the other. That is the probable effect of the holding in *In re Kuraray America, Inc.*, 656 S.W.3d 137, (Tex. 2022). While the defense bar probably hails the decision as bringing some reasonable restraint to Plaintiff's expansive requests for cell phone data in personal injury cases, particularly motor vehicle collisions and construction incidents, the opinion could also likely add some constraint on the scope of medical records that Defendants will be able to obtain regarding the Plaintiff in personal injury cases and medical malpractice cases. The same underlying predicate required to obtain cell phone data beyond the immediate time of the incident could and probably will be applied to Defendants' requests for Plaintiff's medical records in a medical malpractice case. If so, there will need to be a demonstration of how records going back to the Plaintiff's birth are relevant to the claim at issue in the lawsuit. This paper will examine and discuss what may be required in this regard.

Another consideration that has slowly been folded into the mix over the last decade is the concept of proportionality. This too will be discussed in the cases we review. Proportionality, by definition, requires a balancing of interests and needs. In a particular medical malpractice case, what is the Plaintiff claiming or seeking and what is the comparative burden imposed on the Defendant? Most importantly, to what extent does the requested discovery aid in the resolution of the claim?

There also is the issue of protection. While a court often will be at risk of abusing its discretion in denying discovery entirely, especially if it goes to the heart of a claim or defense, a court is allowed great discretion in modifying the scope of discovery that is.





Find the full text of this and thousands of other resources from leading experts in dozens of legal practice areas in the <u>UT Law CLE eLibrary (utcle.org/elibrary)</u>

Title search: Discovery: Beyond Bullet Points

First appeared as part of the conference materials for the 2023 The Car Crash Seminar session
"Discovery: Beyond Bullet Points"